ZINCODE

Zincode Technologies

Why Barcode Verification is a Critical Matter to Industry & Business Performance

www.zincode.net

About Us

Zincode Technologies provides Automatic Identification and Data Collection (AIDC) solutions, Machine Vision Inspection and Printing Inspection Solutions.

Our Mission

To constantly focus on innovating automation solutions to customers providing quality products and services.







Strategic Alliance Partner

Jointly help companies transform businesses with the use of GS1 Standards!

Topics

- What is UDI?
 - Why do you care?
- Microscan's Solutions
 - AutoID Basics
 - AutoID and Vision
 - Validation and Verification
- Reading, Verification and Validation with Auto ID and Machine Vision
 - Label Reading
 - Label Quality Check
 - Content Validation of Text and 1D/2D codes
 - Validation of Code and String Content
 - Validation of GS1 Format
 - Verification of Legibility and Scanability
 - Standards Based and Custom Verification
 - In-Line Verification Example
 - OCR and OCV
 - Solution Examples
 - Artwork/Print Inspection Systems
 - Conclusions





What is FDA UDI?

- Unique Device Identification system, Standard format and content for Medical Device Labeling
- Allow lookup for identification, recalls, adverse outcomes, medical records
- Dictates a standardized method of coding medical devices with key identifying information.
- Minimum is a <u>Device Identifier</u> and <u>Production Identifier</u>

(GTIN, Lot/Batch/Prod Date/Serial) in AutoID form for consistency and transparency

- Existing approved organizations such as GS1, HIBCC, ICCBBA
- Data carrier agnostic. Can be 1D, 2D, RFID. Enables traceability of devices throughout manufacture, distribution, and use.

How long does a device need to bear a UDI?

- UDI must enable identification of medical devices throughout manufacture, distribution, and USE...
 - Regardless of:
 - ✓ Handling
 - ✓ Reprocessing
 - ✓ Reuse
- UDI protects consumers throughout the device lifecycle.



UDI Implementation

- Medical device labelers, supply chain and users will need to read/validate/verify UDI format labels and marks for Products shipped to USA (FDA Requirements)
- We are ready to support UDI applications for Medical Manufacturing!!
 - ID/2D Code Reading (IoT Web Based)
 - GS1 Code Format Validation
 - GS1 Code Content Validation
 - ID and 2D Barcode Grading (ISO Standards)
 - OCR and OCV
 - Human & Machine Readable Cross Verification
 - Direct Part Marking on Reusable/Sterilizable Devices
 - Point of Use Reading

Why do we need it?

Current systems allow product re-identification by every stakeholder in the supply chain.

This makes product tracking efforts and recall extremely difficult.



How many names can a Syringe have?

Problem: Distributors and Hospitals Assign Additional Product Numbers

(329461 - 1/2 mL BD Lo-Dose™ U-100 insulin syringe)

Business Name	Item Number Type	Item Number
BD	Mfg Catalog Number	329461
BD	GTIN	00382903294619
BD	GTIN	30382903294610
BD	GTIN	50382903294614
CARDINAL HEALTH	PV Order Number	BF329461
OWENS & MINOR	PV Order Number	0722329461
OWENS & MINOR	PV Order Number	0723329461
AMERICAN MEDICAL DEPOT	Vendor Catalog Number	777127217
AMERICAN MEDICAL DEPOT	Vendor Catalog Number	777127218
GOVERNMENT SCI SOURCE	Vendor Catalog Number	FSC1482679CS
GOVERNMENT SCI SOURCE	Vendor Catalog Number	FSC1482679PK
ALLIANCE JOINT VENTURE	Vendor Catalog Number	888021932
THOMAS SCIENTIFIC	Vendor Catalog Number	8938M25
THOMAS SCIENTIFIC	Vendor Catalog Number	8938M28
VWR INTERNATIONAL	Vendor Catalog Number	BD329461

What are the deadlines to implement permanent UDI?

For permanent UDI marks, GUDID data must be submitted to FDA with UDI permanently affixed to the device by:

September 24...

- 2015 Implantable, Life-Supporting, and Life-Sustaining Devices
- 2016 Class III Devices
- 2018 Class II Devices
- 2020 Class I and All Other Devices

For complete FDA UDI Compliance Dates, visit:

www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/UniqueDevic eldentification/CompliancedatesforUDIRequirements/default.htm

How do I know the class of my device?

Class I



Class II



Low-risk devices requiring little regulatory control, like dental floss and gauze bandages.

Higher-risk devices like syringes, requiring regulatory controls to ensure safety and effectiveness.

Class III



Highest-risk devices, approved by FDA before release, like replacement heart valves and other implantable devices.

UDI: Not Just for Your Packaging Anymore...

 Packaging and labeling may not stand the test of time...

According to the FDA:

"A device that must bear a unique device identifier (UDI) on its label must also bear a **permanent marking** providing the UDI **on the device itself** if the device is intended to be used more than once and intended to be reprocessed before each use." --- 21 CFR 801.45

 Permanent UDI marks ensure device information is always available, even when labels and packaging aren't.



Why do I need a permanent mark when there is already a UDI on my label?

- UDI is the only method of effectively tracing a device to know:
 - Where the device came from
 - Where the device is now
 - Where the device will be applied
- UDI ensures adverse events (like product recalls) can be addressed quickly with minimal risk to the consumer.

Remember: A direct part mark is typically the only identifier of your device after it is taken out of the package.

What is "permanent" or "direct" marking?

- Direct part marking (DPM) is a process of abrading a code directly onto a device surface.
- Unlike labels, DPM codes are not easily:
 - Discarded
 - Obscured
 - Wiped off
 - Degraded
- Ensures the availability of encoded information throughout device lifecycle.

Not Permanent: Inkjet Code on Label *Easily Smudged*



Permanent: Laser-etched Code Withstands Wear



What is the required format of a UDI mark?

- Unlike UDI on labels and packaging, a permanent UDI mark may be provided in either:
 - Human-readable: Easily-legible, plain-text format.
 - Machine-readable: Able to be interpreted by automatic identification and data capture (AIDC) technology:
 - ✓ Barcode readers
 - ✓ Machine vision systems
 - ✓ RFID equipment





Which marking method should I choose?

- Choose the best marking method for your device, based on:
 - Device size: Small devices require small marks. In most cases, when a 2D symbol (like QR Code or Data Matrix) is used, the size of the device is irrelevant (codes can be reduced to below 1/4 inch square).
 - If device size dictates symbol type, choose the best marking method for the symbol.

Which "data carrier" is recommended for UDI DPM?

- Choose the best data carrier for your marking method and size of your device.
- Two-dimensional symbols such as Data Matrix are used most commonly for DPM due to:
 - Small size
 - Data capacity
 - Error correction
 - ✓ Read in low contrast
 - Read in any orientation
 - Read despite up to 20% obstruction

Ability to be produced by a variety of marking methods





How do I make sure my mark is UDI compliant?

- There are many devices and possible marking methods...
- Subtle inconsistencies may render a UDI unreadable.
 - A UDI mark must be **readable** and **decipherable** throughout the device lifecycle in order to remain compliant!
- Verify Readability Long-term readability requires verification of symbol quality.
- Validate Decipherability Decipherability requires validation of the accuracy of the encoded information in the symbol.



Is the mark high-quality?



(01) 0 0000123 00001 7 (10) ABC123 (17) 040104 (21) 12345

Does the symbol have correct data in the correct format (data structure)?

Can I use a barcode reader to check UDI compliance?

• NO

- Barcode readers and scanners cannot be used to verify or validate a symbol. Barcode readers only:
 - Recognize the barcode symbology (UPC, Data Matrix, QR Code, etc.)
 - Extract the content of the symbol (decode it)
 - Transmit data to a connected device (communicate what it decoded)

Readability Does Not Equal Quality





Barcode verifiers measure physical properties of a symbol against quality parameters to ensure that symbols can be read by any decoding equipment.

How can you catch a GS1 data structure error?

Visually: NO

• You can't tell by looking at a symbol that it contains an error, since you can't visually extract encoded data from a symbol.

Barcode Reader: NO

• A barcode reader just tells you what data it finds in the symbol without making a determination about data accuracy.

Barcode Verifier: YES

 A barcode verifier uses issuing agency specifications to validate that the data in a symbol is accurate and properlyformatted according to the specifications.

Verification Solutions for Every Category 21 CFR Part 11 Compliance Ready

Microscan offers **verification solutions** for all symbol categories, featuring lighting geometries designed in line with **ISO/IEC** barcode grading requirements. Our verification software is programmed for barcode data structure analysis based on issuing agency specifications from **GS1 and HIBCC**, so errors never go undetected.

Our verification experts offer **personal training** to assist in the setup of UDI verification systems specifically for your application to make sure your codes stay up to code.

Remember to establish a verification plan for UDI – Get expert help at <u>www.microscan.com</u>.



Analyzing Your Print Quality

- Microscan LVS® Barcode Verifiers are designed streamline and minimize the effort of troubleshooting print quality issues so that you can diagnose issues without advanced tech support, quickly and precisely.
- If defects are present, verifiers will locate and highlight trouble areas on the image, color-coded according to the grade received for meeting a quality parameter.





Validating UDI Data Accuracy

- Validation is the process of checking that the proper data has been encoded within a barcode.
 - Is data in the correct format?
 - Is it compliant with issuing agency specifications?
 - ✓GS1
 - ✓ HIBCC
 - ✓ ICCBBA
- Barcode Verification Systems can check if the encoded data is structured according to standard requirements.



(01) 0 0000123 00001 7 (10) ABC123 (17) 040104 (21) 12345

Example: GS1 Data Structure Analysis

Enhanced Application Identifier Verification Data Structure Analysis Print Embedded data Description Value <232> FNC1 <fnc1> 01 Global Trade Item Number (GTNN) (001) 00000123000017 Global Trade Item Number (GTNN) 00000123000017 10 Batch or Lot Number ABC123 <232> FNC1 <fnc1> // ABC123 Batch or Lot Number ABC123 <232> FNC1 <fnc1> // T Expiration Date (YYMMDD) 040104 21 Serial Number (21) 12345 Serial Number 12345</fnc1></fnc1></fnc1>	I		1	I			1	,
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	12345	Serial Number		12345				

Microscan LVS-95XX Software Interface

Error Found in GS1 Data Structure

Welcome	Setup	Calibration	Grading	Zoom	SRP View	Structure	Archive
Enhanced Applica Verifica	ation Identifier tion	Da	ta Structu	ure Analy	<u>'sis</u>		Print
Embedded data	Description	Value					
4015630021749	Al implied from	n symbology (01)0	300217/8				
<wrong check="" digit:<="" td=""><td>5 1114-15</td><td>Invalio</td><td>d character sequence</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wrong>	5 1114-15	Invalio	d character sequence				

Microscan LVS-95XX Software Interface Microscan LVS-95XX Software Interface



Recommended Online Platforms

- True verification requires ISO/AIM-compliant light & undistorted image.
 - C-Mount lenses preferred.
 - Perpendicular mounting to avoid perspective distortion.
 - Shield from ambient light.
 - •Fixed distance.
 - •At least 8 pixels per element.
 - A short (<250µs) exposure time for moving parts/labels.
- Example configurations:







1D/2D Glossy Labels

Dot Peen DPM 2D codes

Package Label Verification/Validation System



On-Line Verification Implementation



- Not the same as scanning/reading
- Grading (0.0 to 4.0) each code at the point of marking
- Instant feedback on code grade/quality
- Instant warning of low grade/unreadable codes
- Able to observe trends
- Optional logging of grade results and images

Recommended Online Platforms









DPM Verifier for ISO/IEC 29158

- It is helpful to know your symbol's category to determine the best solution for verifying your mark quality.
- Future-proof your UDI marking processes by selecting a verification system that:
 - Employs ISO/IEC TR 29158 DPM quality parameters
 - Has the appropriate lighting geometry for your symbol category
 - Offers data structure analysis to check the encoded data of your UDI against issuing agency specifications (GS1, HIBCC)





IoT Devices for Data Acquisition

Get Internet-Friendly Tools

- Get tools that speak the language of the Internet
- Choose HTTP devices
- Choose web user interfaces
- Choose services or APIs that unite existing systems over web protocols



Microscan MicroHawk ID and MV Smart Cameras

Print Inspection Systems

All-in-One Platform of Inspection Applications



Your entire packaging quality control process, all in one place.



Graphics Inspection

Compare digital artwork files and proofs pixel by pixel for inconsistencies.

Print Inspection

Compare printed labels, cartons, proofs and other packaging material to an approved artwork file to confirm accuracy.

Spelling Inspection

Inspect spelling in any language with a high degree of accuracy.

**

Braille Inspection

Inspect, translate and verify Braile and find any added or missing dots.

Text Inspection

Compare the copy in a text document to the copy in a PDF file in seconds, regardless of the language.

Barcode Inspection

Verify, decode, and grade barcodes on PDF files, printed packaging and imposition files.

Typesetting Errors

Antiviral Activity

Amoutadime inhabits the replication of influenza A virus isolates from each of the subtypes, i.e., H1N1, H1N2 and H3N2. It has very little or no activity against influenza B virus isolates. A quantitative relationship between the in virus susceptibility of influenza A virus to anamatidine and the clinical response to therapy has not been established in man. Sensitivity test results, expressed as the concentration of annantadime required to inhabit by 50% the growth of virus (ED₃) in tissue culture vary greatly (from 0.1 µ µml. to 25.0 µµ ml.) depending upon the assay protocol used, size of virus inoculum, isolates of influenza A virus strains tested, and the cell type need. Host cells in tissue culture areadily tolerated annantadime up to a concentration of 100 µµ/ml.

Drug Resistance

Influenza A vaniants with reduced as virro sensitivity to annatrafine have been isolated from epidemic statum in a neis where administrate derivatives me being used. Influenza virus with reduced in vitro sensitivity have been shown to be transmissible and to cause typical influenza illuess. The quantitative relationship between the *in vitro* sensitivity of influenza A variants to ammitidue and the clinical response to thereavy has not been established.

Mechanism of Action: Parkinson's Disease

The mechanism of action of munitadime in the treatment of Parkinson's disease and druginduced extrapyramidal reactions is not known. Data from earlier animal studies suggest that SYMMETREE may have direct and indirect effects on dopamine neurons. More recent studies have demonstrated that munitadime is a weak, non-competitive NMDA receptor antagonist ($K_{\rm i}$ = 10µM). Although annutadime has not been shown to possess direct anticholinergic activity in annual studies, clinically, it exhibits anticholinergic-like side effects such as day mouth, unnary releation.

Pharmacokinetics

SYMMETREL is well absorbed only. Maximum plasmic concentrations are directly related to dose for doses up to 200 mg/day. Doses above 200 mg/day may result in a greater than proportional increase in maximum plasmic concentrations. It is primarily excreted unchanged in the unine by glomerular filtration and nubular secretion. Egits metabolities of animatoline have been identified in human units. One metabolitie, an N-acceylated compound, win quantified in human unine and accounted for 5-15% of the administered dose. Plasma acetylamantradine accounted for up to 80% of the concurrent animatoline plasma concentration in 5 of 12 healthy volunteers following the imgestions of a 200 mg dose of amantadane. Acetylamantadane was not detected in the plasma of the remaining seven volunteers. The contribution of this metabolite to effectsy or toroxity is not known.

There appears to be a relationship between plasma amontalize concentrations and toxicity. As concentration increases, toxicity seems to be more prevalent, however, absolute values of amontalize concentrations associated with adverse effects have not been fully defined.

Amantadine pharmacokinetics were determined in 24 normal adult male volunteers after the oral administration of a single amantadine hydrochloride 100 mg soft gel capsule. The mean + SD

2

Master Word Document



Sample Insert

Printing Differences- COLOR MISMATCH



Automated Artwork Inspection



High Speed OCR Inspection



nsp1	Insp	ecti 43	7 Pass:	423 Fail:	14			
Cycle	547	Cyc Worst	36950	Process	139	Draw	8	
PPM	109	PPM Worst	1	Idle	400	DMA	0	
Buffers	affers 3 of 16 used (19%			Overruns		None		
CR_MFG.Outp	ut String		04021102					
CR_MFG.Outpe	ut String		2211					
CR_LOTNO.04	tput String		5483295					
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High Speed Applications



Robotic Applications



THANK YOU!!



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